UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

-vs-

18-CR-6091

ROBERT E. TILLARD,

Defendant.

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Proceedings held before the

Honorable Jonathan W. Feldman,

Kenneth B. Keating Courthouse, 100 State

Street, Rochester, New York, on

December 12, 2018.

## APPEARANCES:

KATELYN M. HARTFORD, Assistant United States Attorney, Appearing for the United States.

SONYA A. ZOGHLIN, Assistant Federal Public Defender. Appearing for Defendant.

AUDIO RECORDER: Lisa Duque

TRANSCRIBER: Michelle L. McLaughlin, RPR,

Court Reporter, (716)332-3560

(Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by computer.)

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THE CLERK: . . . Judge, Feldman presiding. You may be seated. United States of America versus Robert E. Tillard, 18-CR-6091-FPG.

THE COURT: Good afternoon. We're here for a suppression hearing. I believe the suppression hearing has to do with statements?

Yes, your Honor. And for MS. HARTFORD: the record, we are taking Officer Minurka's testimony here today here somewhat out of order. The defense filings were due and I received them on Friday of last week. The government's response is not due until the 21st, with oral argument set at a later date. However, due to the fact that Officer Minurka, who is the lead officer during this traffic stop and on that day, is under military orders beginning on January 9th and through mid May, we decided to take his testimony first. just stating that for the record. So this won't be the entire suppression hearing. However, because it was anticipated that this officer's testimony would be an essential part of those hearings, we are taking that today.

My understanding is that it is regarding statements. Based on Miss Zoghlin's filings, she's also challenging any evidence of taint after the

traffic stop as fruit of the poisonous tree, I 1 2 believe. Is that correct, Miss Zoghlin? 3 MS. ZOGHLIN: It has to do with both 4 statements and the tangible evidence, specifically 5 marijuana. THE COURT: The marijuana was seized from 6 7 where? 8 MS. ZOGHLIN: The allegation is it was 9 seized from his person. 10 THE COURT: Okay. MS. HARTFORD: So I will also be asking 11 12 Officer Minurka about the circumstances leading to 13 the attempted traffic stop and ultimate arrest of 14 Mr. Tillard. 15 THE COURT: Okay. And when does Officer Minurka --16 17 MS. HARTFORD: Minurka, M-I-N-U-R-K-A. 18 THE COURT: When does he return from 19 military duty? MS. HARTFORD: 20 Mid May, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. HARTFORD: His ship-out date I believe 23 is January 9th, which means that he will be 24 traveling to Georgia on January 8th. I did inquire

with him as to his availability prior to then.

7th would be the absolute last date, but that is a Monday. So to the extent we could do it before then, great. But, of course, it's the government's position that we'll do all today, but we'll see what the Court decides.

THE COURT: Okay. Is there any objection to taking the direct testimony of the officer today?

 $\label{eq:MS.ZOGHLIN:No,not the direct} \text{ testimony.}$ 

THE COURT: Okay. And were you planning on asking him anything about these allegations in cross-examination?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes. I would say tentatively, yes, although I don't have all the information. So I think I need it to make a --

THE COURT: Right. I guess what I'm -what I'm thinking is if you could -- if we had time
and you could start on your cross-examination, and
then I'd rule whether you would be able to continue
with specific documents. I don't know what
documents you're still missing. I guess we'd have
to get into that.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes. I could get into that now.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. ZOGHLIN: As the Court's aware, I did send an email to Miss Hartford and with a copy to the Court yesterday regarding some material that I got very recently and some that I think I'm still missing. Specifically, yesterday I got some documents from a professional standards -- RPD professional standards section review regarding -- based on a complaint made by Mr. Tillard specifically against Officer Minurka. That included several documents, including a lengthy transcript of Officer Minurka's testimony.

Today I got a 50-page transcript of Mr. Tillard's testimony. I don't --

THE COURT: Testimony was at a PSS proceeding?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. When was the complaint made and when was the hearing?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I can tell you that.

December 21st, 2017, appears to be the date of the initial complaint. Mr. Tillard received an update on February 9th saying that the investigation was still in process. There was a hearing.

Mr. Tillard's testimony was December 21st, 2017,

and Officer Minurka's testimony --1 2 MS. HARTFORD: February 13th, 2018. 3 MS. ZOGHLIN: February 13th, 2018. THE COURT: And when was the decision 4 5 rendered on the PSS complaint? MS. ZOGHLIN: I believe it was July 11th, 6 7 2018. 8 THE COURT: And so you have the 9 complaint --10 MS. ZOGHLIN: I just got that today. 11 THE COURT: Okay. You have the hearing 12 testimony at least as far as both your client and 13 the officer? 14 MS. ZOGHLIN: I do. What I don't have related to that is I'm not -- I don't know whether 15 16 it was videotaped. I see a document indicating 17 that Mr. Tillard agreed that it could be 18 videotaped. He is under the impression that it 19 was. I don't know that for sure, and I don't have 20 that videotape. And I also don't know what other 21 witnesses were called. 22 THE COURT: Do you have a copy of the 23 decision that was rendered?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I have a copy of a letter that was mailed to Mr. Tillard. I don't know the

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extent of the paperwork that's -- that's generated based on this complaint. It's clear to me that there's more. I don't know what more. But I do

THE COURT: Was Mr. Tillard present when the officer testified?

MS. ZOGHLIN: No.

have a letter that was sent to him.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you know if either of those testimonies were videotaped?

MS. HARTFORD: I don't know, your Honor.

I'm not in possession of video recorded testimony

for either. I am familiar with what Ms. Zoghlin is

saying in that I read -- I think it was in the

transcript -- I don't know if it was in the

transcript or in the advisement that is given to

the witnesses ahead of time asking if they would

consent to videotape. So to answer your question,

your Honor, I don't know if it was taped. If it

was taped, I'm not in possession of those

recordings. However, full transcripts of both the

defendant's testimony and the witness who's to

testify today, Officer Peter Minurka's testimony,

have been provided to the defense.

THE COURT: Who represents the parties at these hearings?

MS. HARTFORD: Officer Minurka did have representation. I don't know who it was, if it's a union rep or an attorney, and I'm not familiar with Mr. Tillard's representation at that time.

MS. ZOGHLIN: My understanding is he had none. Certainly wouldn't have happened I think if an attorney was aware of it.

THE COURT: Yeah. Who did the questioning then?

MS. ZOGHLIN: The RPD sergeants. The one of Mr. Tillard was Sergeant Laszlo Tordai and Sergeant John Drew.

THE COURT: And who is the -- are they the adjudicators or are they the judges?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I don't know. I do know that -- well, a couple other things. From reading the transcript it's clear -- several things are clear. One is that there are also notes that were taken, because there was an interview done with Mr. Tillard before an interview that was on the record. I don't have anything about that. I just know that from reading the transcript and having the questioner refer to notes. The questioner also refers to photographs that he took that I don't have.

THE COURT: And do you have the whole PSS file?

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MS. HARTFORD: I was under the impression that I had the whole PSS file, your Honor. received it on Monday of this week. I did notice as I was reviewing it and trying to prepare for this hearing at the same time, but I did notice that it mentioned the possibility that the hearing could be recorded, and I don't have those recordings. I did notice -- I don't believe that I have the photographs, but I'm not sure, your Honor, my review, I was trying to identify any statements of the defendant and get those to the defense as soon as possible, as well as any Jencks in advance of today's hearing. So it was kind of triage in trying to get those materials to the defense in a timely manner. As far as doing a detailed review of the file, I have not been able to do that at this time.

THE COURT: The hearing that was conducted deals with the relationship between the officer and Mr. Tillard?

MS. HARTFORD: Yes.

THE COURT: Is there any question in your mind that it would be relevant in terms of

impeachment evidence or Giglio material or Brady -or potential Brady material?

MS. HARTFORD: Your Honor, I believe first and foremost that it does not constitute Brady material. I also don't believe that it constitutes Giglio material. To the extent that these are prior separate interactions, it may explain their prior relationship. But as far as -- I haven't seen anything that I believe would go to Brady or Giglio.

THE COURT: Would it at all implicate the officer's motive for interacting with Mr. Tillard?

MS. HARTFORD: There could be -- not in what I've seen. I'm sure the defense would argue that. So to the extent that that's an issue that the parties disagree with, I would ask for the Court to conduct an in camera review of the materials and make that determination.

There is a law, a New York State Civil Rights

Law 50-a which in state court governs the

dissemination of this information. It's unclear

whether that applies in federal court or not.

However, in a brief review of the case notes,

following that there was a case out of the Southern

District of New York that said while it may or may

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not apply, the federal courts typically will try to honor the purposes, and I would ask --

THE COURT: That is the correct view of the case law.

MS. HARTFORD: Okay.

THE COURT: However, that case law I believe is probably with respect to civil rights cases, civil cases.

MS. HARTFORD: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So, I haven't had a 50-a issue in a criminal case. My initial reaction is that that privilege as it's known, the 50-a privilege would not the trump the constitution. In other words --

MS. HARTFORD: I would agree.

THE COURT: -- if this material is

determined to be Brady or Giglio material, that the

CPLR or whatever the 50-a, I think it's the state

civil rights law -- I forget what section of the

law it is -- that that would not control or trump

the constitution if the material has to be turned

over. It seems to me though that the state

authorities are not balking at giving you access to

whatever material they have. Is that true?

MS. HARTFORD: That's correct, and I think

1 that that is partially because -- I had to file a 2 written request with certain language, of course. 3 And it may be because in 50-a it says that the 4 provisions of the section don't apply to any 5 district attorney, attorney general. It obviously 6 doesn't address the federal prosecution, but maybe 7 that's where that came from. But again, I don't --8 I would feel most comfortable with the Court 9 conducting it if your Honor believes that it's 10 possible that there's Giglio material, which I 11 haven't heard the defense articulate a specific 12 basis of material that they're looking for. 13 sounds more like they want blanket everything to 14 see if they can find anything, almost more akin to 15 a fishing expedition. But I would be comfortable 16 with the Court reviewing these documents in camera 17 to weigh the state's interests with the defendant's 18 constitutional interests and make that 19 determination independently.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask this.

Everything you've had you turned over though,

correct?

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MS. HARTFORD: Not in the PSS file, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. What has not been

turned over in the PSS file? What types of documents?

MS. HARTFORD: There are statements made by other officers, testimony made by other officers.

THE COURT: About their observations of the interaction between the officer and Mr. Tillard?

MS. HARTFORD: I'm not sure, your Honor.

I haven't read their transcripts yet.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HARTFORD: There are internal memoranda written by the people involved in the decision-making process. I haven't read those either. There is — there is one section — and I have this with me, and I am prepared to turn this over to the defense. There's a section regarding other incidents which has body camera footage and reports. Those are RPD documents that I could get independently outside of the PSS process. So to the extent the defense is requesting those, again, I don't think that they're relevant, because I think that they are extrinsic to the case at hand. I don't think that they go to truthfulness or bias, and we can certainly ask the officer about that

during direct and cross, but it includes the contents of this other incidents file that was in the file that PSS gave me. So just for the record, I'll hand that to the defense now. Those do exist separate from the PSS file. But generally that's my -- my understanding of what is in there.

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Also the memoranda that were issued to officers Minurka and Giancursio detailing the findings which I think also are summarized in this letter that was sent to the defendant which I believe the defense already has. It was addressed to Mr. Tillard on July 11th, 2018. (Indiscernible).

MS. ZOGHLIN: I do have that.

MS. HARTFORD: Okay. And I'll provide a copy to the Court as well stating what was substantiated, what was exonerated, et cetera.

My understanding as well, your Honor, some of those documents underlying the findings would be irrelevant, because once the officer is asked about the one — let's see, the one sustained complaint, that is pertaining to use of body worn camera, his answer is his answer. Extrinsic proof I don't think would be permitted to get into the result of that. That being said, I intend to ask him about that on direct and expect him to say that it was

sustained and explain his understanding of that.

THE COURT: Miss Zoghlin, do you want to be heard on any of this?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I do.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. ZOGHLIN: I'll start first with the last thing that Miss Hartford said. I fundamentally disagree with the notion that extrinsic evidence would not be permitted and that I would be bound by his answer, because the questions go to -- directly to his credibility and specifically to his bias. And I do have a couple examples of the Second Circuit reiterating the rule that that type -- evidence that goes to those issues is never collateral, and therefore extrinsic evidence is admissible.

In terms of whether this is Brady or Giglio material, what is in this transcript, in this investigation is specifically about my client's allegations that there was a pattern of harassment starting approximately six months and culminating in and including the arrest in this case. It is, in my mind, quite clearly relevant, and it is also in my mind exculpatory, at least potentially exculpatory, because it goes to the officer's

credibility, both in terms of his testimony and what we would argue is a pattern of harassment, and I think it's also relevant that the officer in his testimony before the professional standards section conceded that he had stopped Mr. Tillard approximately seven times in the six months leading up to his arrest.

He also conceded that he had texted Mr. Tillard directly from the officer's cellphone to

Mr. Tillard's cellphone at least twice leading up to this arrest. He also --

THE COURT: What did the text say?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I'm sorry?

THE COURT: What did the text say?

MS. ZOGHLIN: The text said -- from my memory, there's two of them. They're not very -- there's not much substance. There is I believe yo, this is M, presumably from Minurka. And another one that said what's up, I believe. Or something to that effect.

THE COURT: And they're from Minurka's official phone?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Personal cellphone.

THE COURT: Personal cellphone or --

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes.

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes. To my client's 3 personal cellphone. And I don't believe my client 4 ever gave him the number or gave him permission 5 to --THE COURT: What phone is it from Minurka, 6 7 his personal cellphone? 8 MS. ZOGHLIN: His personal cellphone, yes. 9 THE COURT: Have those texts been 10 preserved? Are you aware of those texts? 11 MS. HARTFORD: They've been presented to 12 the defense, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Oh, you got them and presented 14 them to the defense? 15 MS. HARTFORD: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Pursuant to Brady? 17 MS. HARTFORD: I did just because it was 18 statements of the officer and -- I don't think 19 Brady. I don't think it's Brady, no. 20 THE COURT: Why is he texting him on his 21 personal phone? 22 MS. HARTFORD: As to why it's his own 23 personal phone? You'd have to ask the officer. 24 don't know.

THE COURT: You never asked the officer

why he's communicating with the defendant on his personal phone?

MS. HARTFORD: No. I know that he was trying to develop the defendant potentially as a cooperator, or there was discussion that the defendant would work as a cooperator --

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. HARTFORD: -- is my understanding, without classifying whether he agreed or when he agreed. Because it sounds like the defense's version of it is not what Officer Minurka's understanding was.

THE COURT: And is that common to use your personal phone? Is that part of Rochester Police

Department protocol to use --

MS. HARTFORD: I don't know, your Honor.

I do know that that came up in Officer Minurka's testimony in front of PSS.

MS. ZOGHLIN: I believe the implication that I got from reading that testimony in the questioning was that the personnel -- the RPD personnel who asked the question were surprised by that answer, and assumed I think and asked a question something to the effect of was that on your snitch phone issued by the RPD, and he said

no, it was his personal cellphone.

MS. HARTFORD: I'm not sure if
Officer Minurka has an RPD phone. I don't know the
answer to that.

THE COURT: These the only two texts between these two parties?

MS. ZOGHLIN: As far as I know, Judge, yes.

THE COURT: Did your client respond to the text?

MS. ZOGHLIN: He did not. In fact, my understanding is he changed his number so that he wouldn't be contacted. But I would have to talk to him again to make sure I have the details correct.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. ZOGHLIN: The other issue in terms of why it's -- I perceive it to be Brady and Giglio is that the officer was specifically asked in the professional -- what is it called? Professional standards section review basically about how he felt about the situation. And he specifically said I don't take kindly to it. I felt like -- I'm upset that -- in terms of the situation it means having been accused of these things. And he essentially says that he's upset. He didn't take

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kindly to it. He felt -- I felt personally -- he didn't finish that sentence. I'm kind of upset that I'm even here because this is -- because, you know, this is outrageous, the allegations.

So, what I would submit along with what I submit is a pattern of harassment and a bias against Mr. Tillard is, if anything, the bias has only increased since he's clearly indicated that he was personally -- specifically personally outraged that these allegations were made against him. I do think he has a particular motive in this case to justify his behavior.

It's also clear from his testimony that they had the specific dates on which he interacted with Mr. Tillard. He was able to say them by date. He also referred to having reviewed the paperwork and at least one instant having reviewed the body worn camera of those previous incidents. So as I referenced in my email to Miss Hartford that was copied to the Court, I'm also asking for the paperwork that — regarding those incidents.

THE COURT: So the defendant's complaint made to PSS was in December of 2017. And the arrest was February of 2017?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes, February 25th, 2017.

THE COURT: The arrest occurred well before the complaint occurred?

 $\label{eq:MS.ZOGHLIN: Yes. They actually ask} $$\operatorname{Mr. Tillard about\ that\ in\ his\ testimony.}$$ 

THE COURT: When did these other six incidents occur? What was the period of time?

MS. HARTFORD: Prior to the arrest, your Honor.

MS. ZOGHLIN: The -- starting August 15th, 2016, October 3rd, 2016, November 2nd, 2016. Text messages on November 22nd, 2016, and I believe November 4th. Another interaction where he stopped Mr. Tillard, November 9th, 2016, November 25th, 2016, December 19th, 2016, February 24th, 2017. In other words the day before this incident. And then this incident which was December -- I'm sorry, February 25th, 2017. So it is approximately the preceding six months.

THE COURT: And the allegation here is that the defendant was stopped for the infamous failure to signal a hundred feet before a turn?

MS. HARTFORD: He failed to signal a hundred feet before the turn, and he also was driving with a driver's permit, not a driver's license.

THE COURT: He wouldn't know that until after the stop was made, though.

MS. HARTFORD: Officer Minurka knew that because of the stop the day before when he gave him his driver's permit.

THE COURT: What was the stop the day before for?

MS. HARTFORD: I'd have to double check, your Honor. I believe it was odor of marijuana, but I'd have to double check. Because, as Ms. Zoghlin stated, there was a number of interactions.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Judge, if we could just go back for a moment to the discussion of the decision that my client received. The decision is that three allegations were unfounded or some form of unfounded -- unfounded, exonerated, and unprovable. But it also contains this paragraph. As part of the session, a satellite issue was identified pertaining to body worn camera usage by Officers Minurka and Giancursio. The finding for the satellite issue is sustained, which indicates that it has been determined that the alleged act occurred amounting to misconduct or misjudgment on the part of the officer.

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That's the entirety of the information we have about the decision and what led to the decision.

So clearly there are -- I'm sure there's other evidence, memos --

Is that in the PSS file?

THE COURT:

MS. HARTFORD: Yes, your Honor, but I don't think that the defense is entitled to that. I don't think that it's relevant. I think that the fact that he didn't use his body worn camera properly, by the way, about 30 days or less after it was first issued to him and had received minimal to no training on it, he made a mistake as to how and when to turn it on, doesn't go to bias, doesn't go to truthfulness. I'm going to bring it up with him on direct. It was a -- like a counseling statement or a training statement essentially saying you violated a policy and you need to read up on the policy, and failure to do this correctly in the future could result in disciplinary action. That's essentially what it was.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, we'll see what the cross-examination is on that and then I can make a ruling as to whether any of the documents would be producible.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Judge, are you talking about

cross examining now? Because I'm -- there are a lot of documents that I feel would influence how I structure my cross and what I ask on cross. Clearly we know what he's going to answer. this issue with the body worn camera is -- I don't know how far back it goes. I don't know how many incidents there are. I don't think I should be bound by his answer. There's been a specific finding of either misconduct or misjudgment, and, frankly, I don't think I should be bound by his answer or Miss Hartford's summary of what she believes these documents mean and how -- and whether they're relevant. The body worn camera issue also includes the arrest here, where specifically --

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THE COURT: So the body worn issue was failure to turn on the body worn for this arrest here?

MS. HARTFORD: That was my understanding, your Honor. Again, I haven't done an in-depth review of the whole PSS file at this time. I don't know if it was just this day or other days. But I did ask Officer Minurka if he's had any other complaints, even, recording body worn camera since then, and he indicated no complaints or obviously

findings since that incident. And again, this was 30 days after he received the body worn camera, so certainly --

MS. ZOGHLIN: Certainly he's --

MS. HARTFORD: I'm sorry, may I finish?

Thank you, your Honor. So certainly not a lot of time passed prior to that either, so --

THE COURT: But I could see a situation where cross-examination could center on whether he didn't turn the body worn camera on because he wasn't trained or because he didn't want to record what was being said between him and the defendant.

MS. HARTFORD: And certainly those questions can be asked.

THE COURT: It could be asked, but it would be interesting to know what the PSS found in it.

MS. HARTFORD: Okay.

THE COURT: I think with respect to the interaction between the defendant and Minurka on the day of the arrest, that any PSS investigation regarding that should be turned over. With respect to other incidents, I guess I need more information.

MS. ZOGHLIN: In part, of course, that's a

Catch 22 for me, because I don't have the information. But he should have been -- his body camera should have been on on every one of these previous interactions.

THE COURT: But let's say they weren't on at a previous interaction. How does that help you in this case?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Because this is -- the allegation is there is a pattern of harassment leading up to this, and that the allegations here against Mr. Tillard were made in response to their previous interactions.

THE COURT: No, no. I guess if it was with respect to a different defendant, would you care if the body worn camera wasn't on?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I would, because -- well, I can --

THE COURT: Wouldn't you just rather have him not turn the body worn camera on when he interacts with your client and turn it on for everybody else, wouldn't that be better for you?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Well, Judge, I don't know, because I don't have the information. But if, for example, there is a pattern of him --

THE COURT: Wouldn't it be great for the

government if he didn't turn it on for everybody, he's not singling out your client?

MS. ZOGHLIN: It may or may not. We know actually that he did turn it on during one of the previous incidents. So clearly, even though it's brand new and he doesn't know anything about it, he was able to turn it on before. And I don't --

THE COURT: I'd need a better argument as to other defendants, what relevance it would be to this case in terms of impeaching him in this case as to whether he turned the body worn camera on.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Sure. I can conceive of -you know, I don't know the whole world of
possibilities. But if, for example, there was some
pattern of him saying oops, I forgot to turn on my
body cam during times when it was critical that the
body cam be on and yet other times it wasn't, that
that would be relevant, whether it's Mr. Tillard or
anybody else. For example, in Mr. Tillard's case,
he doesn't turn his body camera on at all during
the pursuit -- when the traffic stop was initiated,
during the pursuit, or when he actually
interrogated him in the police car and didn't turn
it on. He then -- after Mr. Tillard's released
from state custody and the federal complaint is

filed, Officer Minurka is the one that goes and arrests him. Body cam's on the whole time. I think that's very relevant. I think if that's his pattern with other people, that's relevant also.

And to the extent that he turned on the body cam in the seven incidents leading up to this, I think their interaction is also very relevant. My assertion is that Officer Minurka has a bias against Mr. Tillard, and that that led to what are false accusations here.

The other issue I would say is what's the down side to -- why shouldn't we know this?

THE COURT: Um-hum. Well, if it was a civil discovery case I guess I'd probably agree with you. But ironically, unfortunately, in criminal cases discovery is very limited under Rule 16 and constitution issues such as Brady.

But let me ask, how many of these previous incidents involving the body wire cam involve Mr. Tillard?

MS. HARTFORD: What do you mean, your Honor?

THE COURT: In other words, with the seven incidents that he had with Officer Minurka, was there a body cam each of those seven incidents?

1 MS. HARTFORD: So again, Officer Minurka 2 had only received the body camera within 30 days of 3 this incident. 4 THE COURT: Are there any incidents --5 MS. HARTFORD: Miss Zoghlin, where were 6 you getting those dates from, the transcript? 7 MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes. From Officer Minurka's 8 testimony --9 MS. HARTFORD: Where was that? 10 MS. ZOGHLIN: -- the transcript. The 11 dates are throughout. He goes --12 MS. HARTFORD: They're throughout. I'm 13 sorry, your Honor, I wasn't --14 THE COURT: But what I'm getting at --15 MS. HARTFORD: I think that most of those 16 interactions were outside of the time when he had a 17 body camera. 18 THE COURT: To the extent that he 19 interacted with Mr. Tillard while he had been 20 issued a body camera, I think the body camera tape 21 should be turned over. 22 MS. HARTFORD: And, your Honor, I believe 23 that I have turned that over to the defense, 24 because to my knowledge it was the -- I'm sorry,

one of them I had not been in possession of until

the PSS. And it's on the disc that I turned over.

That was the day prior to the arrest. The other

was the date of his federal arrest, which I had

previously turned over to the defense, which is

also incidentally on the PSS file. It's

represented to me that all the relevant body camera

footage is in the file on the disc that I turned

over to the defense today in court.

THE COURT: So to the extent there's any body wire camera footage involving any incident between the defendant and Officer Minurka, that either has or will be turned over to the defense?

MS. HARTFORD: Yes, your Honor. And this raises another point that I think it's important to note as the defense is asking the day before the suppression hearing for an adjournment for the purpose of cross-examination, it is true that the government provided Jencks material consisting of Officer Minurka's testimony at PSS, in part, to the defense yesterday morning, and that that would reinforce things that the defendant and the defense already knew, being that there were prior interactions between the two of them, the dates that that occurred, et cetera. The defense has known about this since the pendency of this case,

which, by the way, he was arrested quite some time 1 2 ago, March 2017, and they're able to obtain a lot 3 of these -- now the PSS file, I do recognize that 4 the government is somewhat differently situated 5 than the defense with regards to that. But as far 6 as requesting body camera, requesting police 7 reports, incident reports, the defense has been 8 able to request those documents from the police 9 department since prior time, and to request an 10 adjournment at this point I think is kind of a last 11 minute thing. Yes, they came up again in the 12 testimony, but this is information that isn't new 13 to the defense. And the fact that there was a body 14 camera complaint that was deemed sustained, the 15 defendant has known about since July. In fact, the 16 defendant knew about that before I knew about that. So, not that the comparison is relevant, I'm sorry. 17 18 But it's just -- this isn't necessarily news, and 19 again, to the extent I can turn over what I'm in 20 possession of, I've done that today. And the 21 transcripts that were turned over -- that I have 22 turned over that are part of the PSS file are those 23 that I identified as Jencks material or relevant 24 because they're statements of the defendant.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Judge, may I respond to that

assertion about the timing? I got that decision on Monday. The decision that was apparently mailed out in July. I was not aware of it until Monday of this week.

THE COURT: Your client didn't get it?

MS. ZOGHLIN: I assume he got it, Judge.

But I wasn't aware of it.

MS. HARTFORD: I didn't --

MS. ZOGHLIN: If I could finish?

MS. HARTFORD: Yep.

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The -- I think that's --MS. ZOGHLIN: that argument has been pretty squarely addressed by the Second Circuit. And specifically there's a case entitled United States versus Vinas, V-I-N-A-S, which was decided in December of 2018, in which the government argued that the defense should have known about statements, because, obviously, the defendant knew he made the statements. That argument was squarely rejected by the Second Circuit. So in terms of a suggestion that I somehow was -- didn't follow up on this as quickly as I should have and I should have gotten subpoenas for it, they knew that they -- maybe they didn't, but they should have known. I got this information -- I didn't know there was a

I didn't know that there was a finding. So, that is all new to me. They should have known about it. I got my client's 50-page transcript today. So, you know, I think that's, unfortunately, one of the problems with taking things out of order -- and which is why I'm requesting that we not do that.

THE COURT: Okay. So, let's do this first. Let's make sure the government contacts the appropriate state officials to make sure you have all the information regarding these PSS investigations. They've sent you the PSS file, which is great, but we've heard information that there may be videotape testimony or photographs or any other information that was generated in the course of the investigation. So, I'd ask the government just to confirm that you have everything.

Once you're satisfied that you have everything,
I'd like you to go through it all and determine
what you want to withhold. There may be
information in there which you have no objection to
releasing, either because you just don't object, or
you agree it could conceivably be Brady or Giglio
material or impeachment material or go to motive or

bias, and that should be turned over to the Then, depending on the amount of information left over, and I don't want to volunteer in camera inspection if it's going to be 12 banker boxes of information, to the extent you don't want to turn something over, I'd like you to do something akin to a privilege log that we use in civil cases, which is describe the information in a way that defense counsel could understand what's being withheld, who wrote it, what the subject matter is, without revealing the substance of it, provide that log to the defense, see if you can agree that something is so tangential that it doesn't need to be turned over. And if there are disagreements, the parties would submit that to me for in camera inspection and determination. akin to what I do in civil cases, but I think it's a procedure that would work well here in addition.

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I would like to, as long as the officer is here, have Miss Hartford call the officer and proceed with the direct examination, because, quite frankly, what's said on direct examination may help my in camera review if I ever have do it. And that I would review -- I would rule on your request of any disputed material before you were forced to

conduct a cross-examination, whether that would be before January whatever it is that the witness is leaving, or when the witness returns in May, I can't guarantee that, because I don't know the volume or how quickly you'll able to get the information, or how quickly you'll be able to review the log that the government's going to give you. I'm not as concerned about the delay here because it's my understanding the defendant's out of custody, is that true?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes, it is.

THE COURT: Okay. So, I think that takes a little pressure off of all the parties. Is that a procedure all parties can live with?

MS. ZOGHLIN: Yes.

MS. HARTFORD: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So, let's not waste anymore time. Let's, if you're ready to bring Officer Minurka in, and you can do your direct examination.

MS. HARTFORD: Yes.

THE COURT: Cover whatever you want to cover. I'm not limiting you in terms of your questions as to what you want to bring out, including things that you may want to kick the wind

1 out of the sails. 2 MS. HARTFORD: Sorry? 3 THE COURT: Including any information you may want to use to take kind of the wind out of the 4 5 sails in terms of any potential impeachment or bias 6 information. You're free to question on whatever, 7 even things that have not been disclosed yet. 8 Thank you, your Honor. MS. HARTFORD: May 9 I just take a brief break before we begin? 10 Absolutely. THE COURT: 11 MS. HARTFORD: Thank you. 12 THE COURT: Five minutes? 13 MS. HARTFORD: That's more than enough 14 time. THE COURT: 15 Okay. 16 MS. HARTFORD: Thank you. 17 (Short recess was taken.) 18 . . . presiding. THE CLERK: 19 MS. HARTFORD: Your Honor, before we 20 begin, there's one point I want to mention that 21 came up in our discussion prior to the break.

> MS. HARTFORD: Ms. Zoghlin mentioned two text messages from Officer Minurka to the defendant, and I stated I thought I provided those

Yep.

THE COURT:

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to her. I noticed she was looking around in her materials as if I hadn't. So I just talked to her about it during the break, and she's not sure if I provided it, and I'm not -- actually not sure if I provided it, because it was a one-page thing. So I just want it to be clear on the record about that. I don't recall. I'll make sure that she has it. I mean, she does have it, but I'll make sure that I provide the version that I have to her this afternoon after the hearing. But her recollection of what the messages constitute is my understanding as well.

THE COURT: Okay. Great. All right. Whenever you're ready, let me know, and we'll get started.

MS. HARTFORD: Thank you, your Honor. The government calls Officer Peter Minurka.

THE CLERK: Raise your right hand.

P E T E R M I N U R K A, having been duly sworn as a witness, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Thank you. If you'll take a seat in the witness stand. State your name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: First name is Peter. Last name is Minurka, M-I-N-U-R-K-A.

1 THE COURT: All right. You may proceed. 2 MS. HARTFORD: Thank you, your Honor. And 3 before we get started, just for the record, I do 4 have a number of exhibits. I did show them to the 5 defense beforehand and don't anticipate any 6 objections, but we'll still go through proper 7 procedure. 8 THE COURT: I have no objection if the defense consents to just submit them now and you 9 10 can just use them freely. 11 MS. ZOGHLIN: That's fine. 12 THE COURT: Okay. So what numbers are 13 they? 14 MS. HARTFORD: It's Exhibits 1, 1A, 1B, 15 and then, 2, 3, 4, and 5. 16 THE COURT: Those exhibits are received in 17 evidence for the purposes of the hearing. 18 MS. HARTFORD: Thank you. 19 (Government's Exhibits 1, 1A, 1B, 2, 3, 4, 20 5 were received into evidence.) 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. HARTFORD: 22 Ο. Good afternoon, Officer. 23 Good afternoon. Α.

Could you please state your name?

Yes. First name is Peter. Last name is

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1 Minurka.

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- 2 Q. And where are you employed?
  - A. The Rochester Police Department.
  - Q. How long have you been employed with the
- 5 Rochester Police Department?
- 6 A. Approximately five years.
  - Q. And what is your job there?
- 8 A. As a police officer.
- 9 Q. Patrol officer? Are you with any special unit?
- 10 A. Specifically I'm a patrol officer. I'm
- 11 assigned to Genesee Section fourth platoon.
- 12 Q. And did you receive any training in order to
- become a police officer?
- 14 | A. I did.
- 15 Q. And what was that training?
- 16 A. Initial training began with the six-month
- 17 academy, followed by four months of field training.
- 18 Q. And did you receive any training in New York
- 19 State Vehicle and Traffic Law?
- 20 A. I did.
- 21 Q. When was that?
- 22 A. During the police academy.
- 23 Q. So that would have been in the beginning of
- 24 your employment?
- 25 A. Yes, ma'am.

- Q. Or prior to I guess, I'm sorry.
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. What did you do before you were employed with the Rochester Police Department?
  - A. I worked for the Monroe County Sheriff's Office, jail bureau.
    - Q. And how long did you work with the jail bureau?
    - A. Approximately one year.
- 9 Q. I'd like to direct your attention to
  10 February 25th of 2017. Were you employed with RPD
  11 at that time?
- 12 | A. I was.
- Q. And were you a patrol officer -- did you say

  Genesee division -- could you repeat that again?
  - A. Yes. I was working as patrol officer, Genesee Section. During that time I was actually assigned to third platoon.
- 18 0. And what does that mean?
- A. That means I work from the hours of 3:00 p.m.
  to 11:00 p.m.
- Q. And on February 25th of 2017, do you recall becoming involved in an incident involving the defendant Robert Tillard?
- 24 A. I do.
  - Q. And how did that come about on that date?

- 1 During that time I was working with Officer 2 Giancursio who works with the Rochester Police 3 Department as well. We were working as a two-badge 4 I was driving, he was in the passenger seat. During that time we were in the area of South Plymouth, Edith Street. It's in the southwest 7 quadrant of Genesee Section. I directed my 8 attention to a nearby intersection, South Plymouth 9 and Doran, when I observed a tan Toyota Camry.
  - Approximately what time of day was this? Q.
  - Approximately 10:41 p.m.

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- And what was the lighting and visibility conditions like on that day at that time?
- At that time it was dark and it was poor light conditions on that side of the street.
- Showing you what's previously been marked as Government Exhibit 1, are you able to -- if you touch the screen, it should make a mark. able to point to where you were at the time?
- Α. Yes. As soon as I find -- okay. I was right here.
- All right. It's not making -- there it works. So there's a red dot at the corner of Doran Street and what's that street --
- So, if I tap on it, will it go back a

- little bit further?
- Q. I'll clear it for you.
- A. Okay. So more specifically I was right there.
  - Q. So that would be on --
  - A. On Edith.
- Q. On Edith Street. Okay. And please describe what you saw.
  - A. Okay, during that time?
  - Q. Yes.

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- 10 A. I saw a tan Toyota Camry parked in this area here.
- 12 0. Farther down Doran Street?
- 13 A. Farther down Doran Street. It was on the south curb facing eastbound.
- 15 Q. Okay. Go ahead.
- A. During that time a male black exited the

  driver's side of that Toyota Camry. He was wearing

  a black leather jacket, and appeared that he was

  holding something in his hand as he was walking

  towards the store at 700 South Plymouth, which is

  that parking lot, if you continue to work north.
  - Q. Is that on this map?
- 23 A. You cannot see it. It's kind of cut off.
- Q. Okay. Can you put a dot where that would be if the map were to continue?

A. About right there.

- Q. So is it fair to say the north side of Doran Street just slightly off the map, the corner --
- A. The northeast corner of Doran and South Plymouth, yes.
- Q. Okay. Perfect. Go ahead. So he was walking in that direction?
  - A. Walking in that direction. Short time later before he made it all the way across the street, he just kind of turned around and walked right back to that Toyota Camry and entered the driver's seat.
- Q. All right. And what happened next?
- A. At that point he pulled away from the curb at a pretty high rate of speed. At that time I -- right around the time he pulled away, I actually turned to go the opposite direction westbound on Doran Street, so that we were actually driving in opposite directions passed each other.
- Q. You were driving westbound on Doran Street and this individual was driving eastbound on Doran Street?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Were you able at some point to see who the driver was?
- 25 A. I was.

Q. And what did you see?

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- A. At that point I was able to turn to see the driver's face, identified him as Robert Tillard, who I've known in previous encounters.
  - Q. Were you able to see if there was anybody in the passenger seat?
  - A. Not at that time I did not.
    - Q. And did you know at that time whether
- 9 Mr. Tillard had a valid driver's license or not?
- 10 A. I was aware, yes.
- 11 \| Q. And what's the answer to that?
- 12 A. He had a New York State permit only.
- 13 Q. How did you know that?
- A. Actually, the day before that I just conducted
  a traffic stop and ran his driver's license,
  determined so.
- Q. And you determined at that time the day before he only had a New York State learner's permit?
  - A. Yes, ma'am.
  - Q. So what happened next?
- 21 A. So he proceeded to -- I believe once he saw my
  22 vehicle, he --
- MS. ZOGHLIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: You can only testify to what you did, not what somebody else may have thought.

THE WITNESS: Okay. Sorry. He began to travel at what I believe to be a high rate of speed based on the distance that he had traveled from that -- that curb to the end on Doran towards

Exchange. I then turned down southbound on Plymouth to try to circle back around the neighborhood to try to reacquire the vehicle coming out of Exchange Street.

## BY MS. HARTFORD:

- Q. And were you able -- when you say reacquire the vehicle, does that mean catch up with the vehicle?
- A. Yes. Because I lost sight of it for a slight time.
- Q. Okay. Were you able to catch up with that vehicle?
- A. I was.
- Q. Where were you -- can you draw a line on the screen kind of the path that you took?
- A. Yep. I went south on Plymouth, back eastbound on Violetta, to Exchange.
  - Q. Okay. And at that point did you see the vehicle that you saw Mr. Tillard driving?
  - A. I did.
    - Q. Where was it going?
- 25 A. It was driving south on Exchange Street.

- Q. Okay. And where did you go at that point? What happened next?
- A. At that point I maneuvered my vehicle directly behind him. As he started to come up to this Flint Street intersection, again at this time he was driving pretty eradicate and evasive, and continued to drive pretty fast and come more to an abrupt stop when he got to this intersection at Flint and Exchange Street. At that point I was probably about one to two car lengths behind him. Once he made that intersection, it appeared that he wanted to take a right-hand turn, so once he's in the intersection he kind of did a swerving motion and decided to take a last minute turn left to go eastbound on Flint Street, and he then -- he failed --
  - Q. Can I stop you here. So he approaches Flint Street, stops, starts to turn right, and then turns left, is that your testimony?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. At any point during this maneuver, did he use -- or before this maneuver, did he activate a turn signal?
- A. So simultaneously when he began to make that right-hand turn, the vehicle was still in motion

more aiming to turn right, he then activated his signal into the intersection, turned left, and then actually made that movement left.

- Q. So he was already into the intersection --
- A. Correct.

- Q. -- is that correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. I'm going to ask this question. Was that more or less than a hundred feet prior to when he turned left?
- A. That was less than a hundred feet.
- 12 Q. In fact, it was as he turned?
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. And what did you do when he turned left?
  - A. Right about that time is when I initiated my emergency lights and activated my sirens to conduct a traffic stop. I began to travel directly behind him. He did not stop right away. He failed to yield to my emergency lights, as he continued to travel eastbound on Flint towards this dead end.
    - Q. Okay. And where did he -- did he eventually stop his vehicle?
  - A. He did eventually.
    - Q. Where did he eventually stop his vehicle?
- 25 A. Right there.

Now you've placed a dot on the screen. 1 2 trying to read it into the record. Actually, you 3 know what I'm going to do, I'm going to have you 4 mark the actual Government Exhibit, because I think it's hard to describe. So permission for the witness to step down, your Honor? 7 THE COURT: Sure. 8 BY MS. HARTFORD: Q. Come on down, Officer. If you could, please, 9 10 on Government's Exhibit 1 place an X where he 11 stopped his vehicle -- where the defendant stopped.

> For the record, the pen is not working very well.

> > THE COURT: Try this one.

MS. HARTFORD: Okay. Judge Feldman may have a better one.

THE COURT: It's a felt tip.

MS. HARTFORD: Thank you. That will be a little clearer than this ballpoint.

Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Are you going to use more You might want to keep it.

MS. HARTFORD: Thank you. Would you like my pen in the meantime?

THE COURT: No. I want mine back when

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he's done.

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MS. HARTFORD: Okay.

BY MS. HARTFORD:

- Q. All right. Now, Officer Minurka, what happened when -- so is it fair to say that the defendant traveled this length of Flint Street with your lights activated and sirens on and didn't pull over?
- A. That's correct.
- 10 Q. Okay. What happened next after he stopped his vehicle?
  - A. As he stopped the vehicle, I observed the driver's side door open quickly, and he exited in a full sprint, fled from the vehicle.
    - Q. Okay. And can you indicate on the map where he fled?
- 17 A. Yes. Can you see it?
- 18 0. Yes.
- A. Okay. So he fled around the side, so I guess it would be considered to be east side of the building.
- Q. You say building, are you referring to this small structure on the map?
- 24 A. Yes. It's a vacant shed. It's not very big.
- 25 Q. Okay.

- A. He kind of goes around this east side of the shed, and he continues to go southbound direction this way.
- Q. Okay.

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- A. He was very quickly after that -- he didn't travel too much further because the brush --
- Q. What do you mean the brush?
- A. There was brush on the ground, like bushes.
- Q. Okay.
- A. And kind of impeded on the way where he would be able to maneuver behind there.
- Q. And what did you -- what did you observe during this? Well, where were you at this time?
  - A. So at this time -- as soon as he exited the vehicle, my partner Officer Giancursio did pursue him on foot. At that point I did continue to drive to about this area here prior to exiting my vehicle.
  - Q. Okay.
- A. Just thinking that he might try to come down
  the path. And at that point I exited and actually
  began running in his direction. I got to about
  15 yards away from Mr. Tillard. He was illuminated
  by the flashlight Officer Giancursio was using. I
  kind of had a good view of him. Unfortunately, I

wasn't able to move too fast just because of the brush on the ground. During that time I saw him reach the front of his body and he like made a throwing motion with his right hand towards the western side. And shortly after that he was taken into custody by Officer Giancursio. Sorry, meanwhile when I was trying to do detention, I was yelling get on the ground, on the ground, which I believe was (indiscernible) and Officer Giancursio taken into custody.

- Q. Wait. Could you repeat that? Who was yelling get on the ground?
- A. I was yelling get on the ground.
- Q. And what happened?
  - A. He --I don't know if it was like Officer

    Giancursio assisting him to the ground or him

    actually complying and getting to the ground right

    at that point.
- Q. All right. So you're not sure whether it was compliance or force, but he got to the ground?
  - A. Right.

- 22 Q. Okay. And did you apprehend him?
- 23 A. Officer Giancursio.
  - Q. Okay. Thank you. Did you hear him make any statements?

A. I did.

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- Q. Can you tell us about that, please?
- A. Yes. When I was finally able to untangle

  myself from the brush, he was still on the ground.

  Just part way he was actually being assisted up, he

  made statement to the effect of I ran because I had
  - Q. I ran because I had weed on me?
- 9 A. Something to that effect.
  - Q. Did you ask him any questions --
- 11 A. No, I did not.

weed on me.

- 12  $\mathbb{Q}$ . -- to get that response?
- 13 A. I did not.
- Q. Did Officer Giancursio ask him any questions to elicit that response?
- 16 A. I did not hear him do that.
- Q. So you didn't hear Officer Giancursio ask him anything?
  - A. No.
- Q. Were there any other officers or any other people in the area at the time?
- 22 A. Not at the time.
  - Q. I'd like to ask you a little bit about this area. Can you describe the neighborhood that you were patrolling in and where this took place?

- 1 Specifically that night we were in the Yes. 2 area due to the fact that there had been an 3 increase in violence, considered to be a high-crime 4 area, specifically that gas station at Summer and 5 South Plymouth. Probably at right now it 6 considerably gets one of the most 911 calls a day 7 for vice activity. Leading from that time even to 8 present day, actually now has been considered one 9 of our pop areas which we call for a pocket of the 10 city where we try to concentrate on for gun and 11 drug violence.
- Q. Was it given that designation prior to or after this arrest?
  - A. Somewhere around that time. I really can't recall if it was before or after.
  - Q. So is it fair to say that this would be a high-crime area?
- 18 A. Yes, ma'am.

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- Q. So did you take Mr. Tillard into custody?
- A. Officer Giancursio took him into custody.
- Q. Did you conduct a pat-down of his person or somebody else?
- A. Officer Giancursio did. I believe he escorted him.
  - Q. But you didn't do that?

- A. I did not, no.
- Q. Okay. And did you originally locate the gun in this case?
  - A. Officer Giancursio did.
  - Q. I don't want to ask you about what he did. We can address that with him at another time.
- A. Okay.

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- Q. Now, at some point did you attempt to conduct a post-arrest interview of Mr. Tillard?
- 10 | A. I did.
- 11 Q. Do you recall approximately what time that was?
- 12 A. I believe it was just before 11:00 p.m.
- Q. And do you use an RPD notification and waiver card in order to conduct that interview?
- 15  $\parallel$  A. I do. I use notification waiver card 1185.
- Q. Showing you Government's Exhibit 4, or a copy -- or Government's Exhibit 4, can you identify what this is, please?
- 19  $\blacksquare$  A. Yes. This is waiver form 1185.
- $20 \parallel Q$ . And is this an original or a copy?
- 21 A. This appears to be the original.
- Q. Sorry. I'm going to ask you to take a look at the actual exhibit.
- 24 A. Oh, I didn't see on there, this is a copy.
- 25 Q. Is this the original card that you used or a

photocopy?

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- 2 A. Photocopy.
- Q. All right. Is it a fair and accurate copy of the card that you used?
- 5 A. It is.
  - Q. Have there been any additions or deletions?
- 7 A. No.
- Q. Okay. So otherwise it's -- the copy is the same as the original?
- 10 A. Correct. This is my handwriting.
- 11 Q. I'll put this back up on the visualizer. So,
- 12 I'm going to back you up a little bit. Where were
- 13 you when you attempted a post-arrest interview of
- 14 Mr. Tillard?
- 15 A. My patrol vehicle.
- 16 Q. And where was Mr. Tillard?
- 17  $\blacksquare$  A. He was in the back of my patrol vehicle.
- 18 Q. Were you both in the vehicle?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Where was he seated?
- 21 A. He was seated directly behind me.
- 22 Q. So he was seated in the back seat and you were
- in the front seat?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Okay. Were there any other officers or other

- people in the vehicle at that time?
- 2 A. Not at that time.
  - Q. Was the defendant handcuffed at that time?
- 4 A. Yes.

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- Q. Prior to speaking with the defendant, did you
- 6 ask him about his educational level?
- 7 A. I did.
  - Q. And what did he say?
- 9 A. He said he had a GED.
- Q. Did you ask him whether he could read and write
- 11 English?
- 12 A. I did.
- 13 Q. And what was his answer?
- 14 A. He said he could.
- Q. Did you ask whether he was under the influence
- of alcohol, drugs, or other medication?
- 17 A. I did.
- 18 Q. And what was his answer?
- 19 A. He said no.
- 20 Q. Now, other than his answer no, did the
- 21 defendant appear at all to be under the influence
- 22 of alcohol, drugs, or other medications?
- A. He did not.
- Q. And is that something that you've been trained
- to identify in people whether they're under the

- influence --
- A. Yes.

- Q. -- as part of your experience and training?
- A. Yes. Furthermore, I did inquire further to make sure, because the comment that he made for marijuana, I asked if he did ingest or take any earlier that day. He did -- he said, in fact, he did smoke earlier that day, however he did not feel

the effects of it at this time.

- Q. Now, directing your attention back to

  Government Exhibit 4 that also has a copy here of
  this grand jury Exhibit 2. That is not the exhibit
  sticker, it's this -- just for the record, it's
  this 4 on the yellow Government Exhibit of the
  bottom right of the document. Whose writing
  appears on this document?
- A. This is my writing.
  - Q. And does it appear to be in the same or similar condition as when you used it on the date in question?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Can you tell us exactly how you used this form
  in order to advise the defendant of his Miranda
  rights on February 25th of 2017?
  - A. Yes. I read 1 through 5 warning questions

- verbatim as they are on the card.
  - Q. And did you read them to the defendant as they appear on the form?
  - A. I did.

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- Q. Can you please read those rights you advised the defendant of into the record?
- 7 You have the right to remain silent. Α. 8 do not have to say anything if you don't want to. 9 Anything you do say can be used against you in a 10 Court of Law. You might have the right to talk to 11 a lawyer before answering any questions and have 12 him here with you. If you can't pay for a lawyer, 13 one will be given to you before any questioning if 14 you wish. If you do wish to talk to me, you can 15 stop at any time.
  - Q. After you read the defendant the contents of the exhibit, did you ask him whether he understood the rights?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. What did he say?
- 21 A. For waiver one he said yes. And for waiver two he said yeah.
- Q. Waiver one, do you understand what I just said to you, you wrote in quotation marks yes?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And waiver two, with these rights in mind do
  you agree to talk with me now, and you wrote in
  quotes yeah. What do the quotation marks indicate?
  - A. Exactly what his response was.
  - O. So that's verbatim?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Did he ask you to repeat any of the rights that you read to him?
- A. He did not.
- Q. Did he appear confused to you regarding the rights that you read him?
- 12 A. No.
- Q. After the defendant indicated that he understood his rights, did you ask him whether he would agree to give up those rights and speak with you -- I'm sorry, we already addressed that.
- 17 | That's a waiver question two, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- Q. And he said yeah. And you recorded those responses both on the card?
- 21 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 22 Q. Did you record those at that time?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Now prior to asking the questions or interviewing the defendant, did you make any

- promises about potential sentencing with the defendant if he spoke to you?
  - A. No.

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- Q. Did you make any statements about speaking with the prosecutors about his charges in exchange for his statement?
- A. No.
  - Q. Did you talk about potential cooperation at that time?
- 10 A. No.
- Q. Did you threaten him in any way during the course of this interview?
- 13 A. No.
- Q. Did you make any physical contact with him during the course of the interview?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Did he ever ask during the interview to stop speaking with you or indicate he no longer wanted to talk to you?
  - A. No.

- Q. Did he ever indicate that he wanted to speak
  with a lawyer or ask any questions about a lawyer?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Now, about how long did the total interview with the defendant last if you can recall?

- A. I believe from the start of Miranda to after the written statement, about 45 minutes or so.
- Q. Is that an estimate?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Can you tell us in general terms how it was that you conducted the interview of the defendant?
- A. Yes, I can.
- Q. Please do.
- So it was my decision to interview him in the Α. vehicle, which is sometimes not the standard. Typically we would go to the (indiscernible), but he was very eager to speak with me. Maybe prior to our rapport. I felt very comfortable talking to I believe that he did too at the time. seemed like he wanted to talk about it immediately. So before that I made that decision to talk to him in the car and do the Miranda card. We got right into the interview without little chatter of, you know, unrelated events. He told me that he saw a gentleman in a black SUV that he had recognized that robbed and shot him prior months. parked in that 700 South Plymouth gas station. When he saw him, he turned around the corner on Doran and Edith and parked his vehicle, exited the vehicle with a handgun, walked towards that SUV

with the intent to threaten or flash the gun -- I think he used flash. In the interview he initially said he said he cocked the gun, I believe his verbiage was, indicating he racked the slide to see if there was a round had chambered in the firearm, which there wasn't. Once he realized that there was no magazine and no bullets, he decided to turn back around towards his vehicle, at which point I think he indicated that he saw our police car.

He got in his vehicle and began to drive away. Subsequently he made that turn down Flint Street, knowing that we were going to stop him. He fled on foot, and I think he used the word pitched as far as meaning throwing the gun. Subsequently after — after all that, we did further go into detail on where he had initially gotten the gun, whether he knew it was loaded, and vice versa. And he said that he did. He bought the gun on Bartlett Street for \$250 I believe from a male he knows as Heem. He provided a Facebook name of Heem Shoota.

During that conversation some of it took a little bit of time just because I had to clarify certain words that he used, certain verbiage that I never had heard of or don't use, such as when he said cocking --

- Q. Did you ask him follow up questions?
- A. I did. Just so I could comprehend what he was kind of saying. And when he said pitch I kind of wanted to see what he meant by that.

You know, after that, I asked him if he wanted to provide a written statement, and he said he did want to, and that's when I returned to -- I stepped out of the vehicle for a second to grab it from my trunk, the actual paper of the written statement.

I was back in the driver's seat within seconds. We began -- I believe I noted on top of that written statement form when we began the actual written statement.

- Q. And is Government Exhibit 5 --
- 15 A. Yes.

- Q. Do you recognize this?
- 17 | A. I do.
- 18 Q. And what is that?
  - A. That is the written statement form.
- $\parallel$  Q. Is that the same one that you're talking about?
- 21 A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. Go ahead.
  - A. So around 11:24 p.m. is when we started the written statement. During this time we went through the -- as chronological as possible went

through the events that happened throughout the day. There were certain things that he did not want inside that written statement, and I explained to him that it was voluntary, and he could put whatever he wanted as long as it's the truth. And he said okay.

- Q. So, is it fair to say that he said things in the statement to you in the car, this first conversation that you had --
- A. Yes.

- 11 Q. -- that are then not contained in this written statement?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. And why is that?
  - A. I don't want to testify on what maybe he led him not to want to put something in there.
- Q. Let me ask a better question to clarify a

  little bit more. Why is it that you allowed him to

  make that decision what goes in the written

  statement of what he just told you and not just put

  it all in there?
  - A. Because it's his facts and his truth. So it has nothing to do with my story. That's --
  - Q. Is it accurate to say that he was only willing to put certain things in writing and the other he

- only gave to you if it wasn't in writing?
- 2 A. Correct.

- Q. Okay. So what's contained in this written statement the defendant decided what would go in here, correct?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. This top part here I see there's a time start, time finished. Did you fill that out at the time?
- A. I did. Obviously the time of finish is when I finished the conclusion of the written statement.
  - Q. Okay. And I, Robert Tillard, 32 years, this part at the top, did you fill that part out?
  - A. I did.
- Q. And this RT, I see all these rights. I have the right to remain silent. I do not have to say anything if I don't want to. Anything that I do say can be used against me in a Court of Law. I have the right to talk to a lawyer before I answer any questions, and to have them here with me during any questioning if I wish. But if I agree to talk about this matter without a lawyer present, I can stop talking at any time. Did you review those with Mr. Tillard?
  - A. I did.
  - Q. How did you review those with him?

1 So after it was reduced into writing, there 2 came a time where he was unhandcuffed in order to 3 view -- review the statement and essentially sign 4 But prior to that, I gave him the opportunity, 5 something I like to do, not everybody does it, I 6 gave him the opportunity again to read prior to 7 making that signature, he still understood his 8 rights. And once he indicated that he did read it, 9 I just told him to put his initials on top of it, that's so you can see the RT over that. Yes. 10 11 The RT that is on top superimposed I suppose 12 but written directly on those rights, correct? 13 Right, to make a mark just to show that you 14 read it and you understand. So he did so. 15 then I also had him initial the front, the back, 16 make any -- yep. The front. 17 THE COURT: Whose handwriting is the

THE COURT: Whose handwriting is the statement?

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THE WITNESS: The handwriting is my handwriting, sir.

THE COURT: Why don't you let him write it out?

THE WITNESS: I've never -- any time we've ever did a written statement, just the way the procedure's been, I was always taught to handwrite

the written statement and reduce in your own writing.

## BY MS. HARTFORD:

- Q. Now, there's writing on this form that is not yours, correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. What writing is that?
- A. Those would be his initials, his signature.
- Q. Okay. And can you point out to the Court the places where his initials appear?
- A. Yes. So in the beginning of the narrative --
- Q. You can touch the screen.
- A. So the beginning of the narrative, if I cross out anything like a spelling error, I usually have him initial that, which I don't think I did on this case. So I have him initial here, and then again just the end of the narrative so nothing can be put in there, reviewed or added later. I had him sign or initial at the bottom as well.
- Q. And the signature next to this X on the signature line, who signed that?
- 22 A. Robert Tillard.
- Q. And you mentioned that you have him initial the back -- or what happened on the back?
  - A. I put that mark on the back to indicate that

- it's the original copy.
- Q. So opposed to having writing on the back of the original, this was to indicate there was no writing on the back of the original?
- A. Yes, that and just for administrative task to know which one is original and which one is a copy.
- Q. Okay.

- A. So once this is reduced to writing, I give him the opportunity to -- at first I have him read the first few lines out loud so I can understand that he read and understand the language and can read English. He did so. And then I had him read the rest of the statement to make sure that he didn't want to make any changes. He indicated that he did not want to make any changes, and then I asked him if he wanted to sign this written statement and this is the truth, and he said yes. And he signed it.
  - Q. Can you please read into the record what that written statement is --
  - A. I can.
- Q. -- that Robert Tillard adopted as his own by initialing and signing it on that day?
- 24 A. Yes.

25 THE COURT: Not that I'm trying to

interrupt, but do I really care what the substance of the statement is?

MS. HARTFORD: I guess not, Judge. We'll skip forward and save a little bit of time, how's that?

## BY MS. HARTFORD:

- Q. Can you describe the defendant's attitude and demeanor throughout this interview?
- A. Yes. You know, he was very eager to talk to me again. Me and him have always been respectful to each other, so it was kind of, you know -- it was just a little different than any other cases I've done just because we had essentially a relationship before, and it was completely voluntary. He kind of told me what happened and I put down exactly that, you know.
- Q. I'm going to come back to you about your prior interactions with the defendant in a little bit. I want to ask you some more questions specifically about the interview. But that perhaps will help educate his attitude and demeanor during the interview.

Did you ask him any specific questions regarding the contraband located during this -- this day, the marijuana and the gun?

- A. I did ask him a question about the gun.
- Q. About the gun?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And did he admit that it belonged to him?
- A. He did.
  - Q. Okay. Now, when he signed the interview, where did that take place?
- A. He signed the written statement on the back of my car. I was also present with Officer Barton, who is now a sergeant during this time. He was able to -- I was able to unhandcuff him, so I needed another cover officer there to help me in case he tried to flee or run away or something.
- 14 | Q. Okay.
  - A. But just standard protocol, I just wanted another officer with me.
- 17 | Q. Okay.
  - A. At that time he was unhandcuffed. I used my flashlight to illuminate just to make sure he could have a clear view of the written statement. I think he was also using prescription glasses at the time which he had on, and that's where he signed it.
    - Q. Okay. Now, I would like to turn your attention to your use or lack thereof of body worn camera in

- this incident --
- A. Yes.

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- Q. -- okay. You received a counseling memorandum regarding this incident, correct?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. Specifically that you were in violation of RPD's body worn camera policy?
    - A. I was.
- Q. Was that counseling memorandum specifically in relation to this day or in relation to other interactions with Mr. Tillard?
- 12 A. This day.
- Q. Okay. And were you wearing a body worn camera on February 25th of 2017, during this interaction?
  - A. Yes. I was assigned a body worn camera. I can't remember if it was actually on me or not.
    But, yes.
- Q. So you were assigned one, but you don't know if you were wearing it?
  - A. Yes. It could have been in the -- in my car on the docking station in my car or on the visor. I can't remember if it was on my uniform or not.
- Q. Okay. Did you turn it on at all during this encounter?
- 25 A. I did not.

- Q. And how long had you had that body worn camera issued to you prior to this encounter?
- A. Thirty days or less.

- Q. Now, why didn't you turn it on during this encounter? I think you've already mentioned you don't know where it was.
- A. Right. To be honest, I just wasn't used to it. I know it's not a good excuse. Just made a mistake. And we went almost four years, you know, driving being a police officer on a day—to—day basis without body cams. This was one of the first events that I've ever had essentially like a foot chase involved where I would have to think fast to turn my body cam on, and activate it, and put it on my uniform. And just didn't, didn't even didn't even think about doing it, unfortunately. In hindsight I wish I did.

THE COURT: Did your partner have it on?

THE WITNESS: I believe his circumstances

were the same as mine. So we work in the same

section, so we were all issued them at the same

time. There was for this instance, it wasn't

disciplinary. It was a training counseling

memorandum that basically just said that you

require more training, which is true, because if I

didn't I would have had it activated. So since
then -- like I've learned from my mistakes, and
since then I've never had any issues with
activating my body cam, nor have I had any
complaints. In fact, the department will do random
audits on our body cams, and since then I've been
in a hundred percent compliance.

## BY MS. HARTFORD:

- Q. I'd like to ask you a little bit about your interactions -- the history of your interactions with the defendant.
- A. Okay.

- Q. So safe to say that February 5th, 2017, was not your first interaction with Mr. Tillard?
  - A. That is correct.
    - Q. When's the first time that you recall coming into contact with the defendant?
    - A. It was in August, I believe, 2016. I responded to a shots fired activation in the area of Bartlett and Reynolds Street, which is very close and nearby where this incident occurred. He ended up -- I ended up locating him with a gunshot wound to his foot. So he was a victim of a gunshot wound.
    - Q. Okay. Were you the lead officer on that, do you recall?

A. I believe I was the first responding officer, but the area in which it happened occurred under another officer's beat, so he took the primary report I believe.

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- Q. Okay. So what happened as a result of that interaction when he was shot in the foot?
- During that interaction, you know, he was ultimately uncooperative as far as who the suspects And as they were talking to him, we did make, you know, some type of rapport prior to him getting out of the ambulance. And I asked him, you know, listen, if there's anything that we can know or do to help you out in the past, and next in trying to locate these guys that shot you, then I will help you. So that kind of went and sequed into the next time we saw each other, I asked him if he had further knowledge of what happened, and He was more forthcoming. He did identify a couple people, not by name, but mostly where they hung out and their locations and descriptions of And I continued to do follow-ups with them throughout my day-to-day course of police business. And I did identify a certain individual that I believe was involved in this whole thing that happened. And mostly our relationship was built on

- the fact that he was a victim of something and I wanted to help him.
  - Q. You said, you know, you'd follow up with him, you'd see him? How is it that you would follow up with him?
  - A. Well, he lives on Bartlett Street, which is one of the main like corridor streets that we travel down.
- Q. Is that in your beat?
- A. That is directly in my beat.
- 11 Q. Okay. So it's someplace you travel frequently?
- 12 A. Multiple times throughout the shift.
- 13 Q. Okay. Go ahead.

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- 14 Α. During that time he lives actually right there 15 on 23 Bartlett Street, and I would see him outside 16 of his car or sitting in his car in front of the 17 driveway almost everyday. Sometimes, you know, some of our interactions wasn't criminal nature at 18 19 all. Mostly, hey, how are you doing, and keep 20 driving by. Just community. But there was certain 21 times where he was subject of a traffic stop, which 22 I was involved in.
  - Q. Do you recall how many times there were traffic stops that you were involved in with this defendant?

- A. I don't know the exact amount of times, but it was a handful of times.
  - Q. More than once?
- A. Oh, yeah.

- Q. Okay. I just thought of something that I don't think I asked you, so I'm sorry I'm jumping around a little bit. I asked if originally when you saw the defendant driving a car if you could see if there was anyone in the passenger seat.
- 10 A. Okay.
  - Q. Did you, when he stopped the car and ran from the car, did you learn whether there was anybody in the passenger seat?
  - A. I did.
- $\square$  Q. And who was that?
- A. So I actually went back to the car to secure it
  because it was by itself obviously. That's when I
  identified there was a passenger in the seat which
  took me by surprise. End up being Sherry Kitchens,
  who I learned to be the baby mother of Robert
  Tillard.
  - Q. Now, did you issue any traffic tickets in this case?
    - A. I personally did not write tickets.
- Q. Were you aware of anybody else did?

A. I did.

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- Q. I don't want you to get too into it, because, again, we'll have that officer testify personally to what he did. But do you know who issued those tickets?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And who was that?
- A. Officer Giancursio.
- Q. Okay. Are you personally aware of whether

  Miss Kitchens has a driver's license or not?
- A. I'm personally not aware. I do vaguely remember learning that night -- I can't remember who ran her license, but I believe it was expired.
- Q. Okay. But you're not sure, because you didn't do it?
- 16 A. I didn't do it.
- Q. Okay. I want to avoid things that you don't have personal knowledge of.
- 19 A. Okay.
- 20 Q. But I did want to cover that point.
- 21 A. Yes. Okay.
- Q. So back to prior infractions, you had prior traffic stops of the defendant, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. And approximately -- you said a handful of

- traffic stops with the defendant?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Did you issue any tickets on those prior incidents?
- A. I don't think any tickets were issued on those.
- Q. Okay. Why not?
  - A. At least I didn't write any tickets on those.
  - Q. Okay.
  - So to clarify, I wasn't always the first one to Α. stop him or -- another officer could stop him and I would assist. They may have written tickets. by discretion. Essentially, just by discretion and no -- and like I said, I was -- my intent was to help him out, you know, to really figure out what was going on, who was potentially robbing and shooting at him. Because apparently I learned that it wasn't the first time that he was robbed by these same individuals. And I didn't want it to be a punitive thing where you're writing a ticket every single time you stop him either. But at the same time, if it's a violation and I can help by using our discretion, I did so.
  - Q. Had you -- I'm trying to think. Had you stopped him with marijuana --
- A. Yes --

- Q. -- during some of those interactions?
- 2 A. -- I have.

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- Q. And did you arrest him for marijuana on any of those incidents?
- A. I did not.
- 6  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Why not?
  - A. Well, at the -- legally, obviously being able to seize marijuana is my discretion whether I would turn it in for evidence or safekeeping and destruction. And, you know, the marijuana that we found was nothing of high quantity, so, again, it was discretionary and my decision to take it, you know, turn it in for destruction.
- Q. Is that something that you do with regard to other individuals too?
- 16 A. All the time.
- 17 Q. All the time. So this isn't unique to
- 18 Mr. Tillard?
- 19 A. No.
- Q. Is this something that came up during the course of the PSS investigation?
- 22 A. I believe it did.
- Q. And you testified -- or you told them
- 24 similarly?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. Okay. You said it wasn't high quantity of marijuana. Was it indicative of individual use or distribution as far as the quantity goes?
  - A. Based on my training and experience I would certainly say distribution.
  - Q. Okay. So even though it wasn't high quantity, it still was more than you would attribute to personal use?
  - A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. Did you ever contact Mr. Tillard via telephone or text message?
- 12 | A. I did, yes.
- Q. Okay. Approximately how many times did you contact him by a text message?
- 15 A. It wasn't many times. I can't remember exactly how many.
- Q. Okay. Do you recall whether he gave you his cellphone number?
- 19 A. Yes, he did.
- Q. Okay. Did he respond to you when you texted him, if you recall?
- 22 A. I honestly don't recall.
- Q. Okay. Did you use your personal phone or an RPD phone to conduct those text messages?
- 25  $\blacksquare$  A. I used my personal phone.

- And why didn't you use an RPD phone to do that? Q.
- I just -- I should have, but I just used my phone. I know some guys have different phones separate from work. But I've always my personal phone.
  - Is that how you handle other potential cooperators?
  - I do. Α.
  - Q. So it wasn't unique to Mr. Tillard?
- 10 No. Α.

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that was discussed.

- As far as his potential as a cooperator, was Q. 12 that something he indicated he wanted to do?
- 13 Α. Yes.
  - Q. Can you tell us a little bit about that?
  - Yes. So during this time I was kind of in the infancy stages of learning how you could actually use a confidential informant through like our special investigation section, use them actually as a paid informant. At this point it was more so just him helping me try to help himself as far as finding somebody on the street. There was more to talk about him doing further, but that was never anything that I really had the ability to do on a patrol level. So it didn't really go too far.

- Q. Okay. So that was something that Mr. Tillard was interested in but it never got to that point, is that correct?
- A. Correct.

- Q. Just a little bit of housekeeping here. I didn't end up using these as demonstrative aids because I think that the map did the job. But I want these to be clear on the record what they are. Government Exhibit 1A, what is this view?
- A. Essentially this is an overall view of the Flint Street where it goes into that dead end and off of Exchange Street.
- Q. So is this at the corner of Flint and Exchange?
- 14 | A. Yes.
  - Q. Are you able to see on this map approximately where it was that the defendant finally pulled his car over?
  - A. You cannot see it on this map.
    - Q. Okay. I'm going to show you Government Exhibit 1B. What are we looking at here?
      - A. Okay. Essentially it's the same photograph looking down the same direction on Flint Street.
  - Q. Is it a little bit farther down Flint Street?
    - A. A little bit further down Flint Street, yes.
    - Q. Are you able to see where he stopped his car on

- this photograph?
- A. You can partially see some of the stony loose gravel to the right of the road.
  - Q. Okay. Are you -- can you circle that on the screen, please?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. You placed a red dot. It looks like it's kind of across the street from that second building on the left, the darker reddish brick one, is that correct?
- 11 A. That is correct.
- 12 Q. Government Exhibit 2, what are we looking at here?
  - A. That is the firearm that was located in the field where he was taken into custody.
- Q. Now, again, are you the one who located that firearm?
- 18 A. Officer Giancursio.
- 19 Q. But did you see it after he located it?
- 20 A. I did.
- Q. And is that how it appeared at that time on that day?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you see anybody touch it or move it prior to seeing it?

A. I did not.

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- Q. Did you take this photograph?
- A. I did not.
  - Q. Government Exhibit 3, what are we looking at here?
- A. Essentially it's another overall photograph of the firearm in the snow.
- Q. You mentioned it's in the snow. Is there any snow on top of that firearm?
- 10 A. No, there's not.
  - Q. Okay. Is there a magazine in that firearm?
- 12 A. There is not.
- 13 Q. Okay.
  - MS. HARTFORD: I believe those are all my questions, your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Okay. When you said you and your partner Officer Giancursio --
  - THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
- THE COURT: -- were issued the body
  cameras around the same time?
- 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
- THE COURT: Had you worn yours previously to that?
- THE WITNESS: I have. We are supposed to.

  Once they were issued, yes.

THE COURT: It was just this particular day you didn't put it on?

THE WITNESS: Just to be honest, it was honestly towards the end of the night, and maybe we both were just -- I really don't know what his excuse was. Just honestly it was just a mistake. I think I can definitely tell you that this was the first incident that I can remember having a body worn camera that resulted in more like a stressful environment, you know, foot chase and thinking quickly. This was definitely my first time having to adapt to that.

THE COURT: I'm just trying to -- of the 30 days that you worked or approximately worked before the date of this incident, how many days would you have worn the body wire camera?

THE WITNESS: I was on a four-two wheel at that time. It could have been probably maybe 10, 11 shifts.

THE COURT: Okay. And you'd wear it each time. This was unusual for you not to put it on?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. And how about your partner, was he kind of wearing it all the time too?

THE WITNESS: It would be probably be around the same exact scenario.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: Like I said, not to -- sorry if it's confusing.

THE COURT: Sure.

THE WITNESS: I very well could have had it on my body.

THE COURT: Just didn't turn it on?

THE WITNESS: Just didn't activate it.

THE COURT: What's the rule as to when you're supposed to turn it on, when you get out of the car?

THE WITNESS: The rule -- that's a good question, because right at that point nobody really knew clearly the answer to that. And at the time I believe it was just when you're having contact with a prisoner, and it's only got to be outside. It cannot be any police buildings. There's certain criteria. So to avoid that, afterwards, at any point in time I would just turn it on if I got out of the car.

THE COURT: Okay. So generally if you got out of the car you turned it on. Would it be on normally when you were in the back of the car

interviewing somebody?

THE WITNESS: That's a very good question too.

THE COURT: I only ask really good questions.

THE WITNESS: Thank you for clarifying this. So to answer your question, I actually -- had I gone to the public safety building to interview him, I would be unable to use my body worn camera. It would be a violation of the RPD policy --

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: -- to use body worn camera to interview him with it inside the Post 8 building. Also, in addition to that, there was no policy yet, especially that I was aware of, where you could do a custodial interview with your body worn camera at that point, because they were so new. There now is a system in place and a form we can do now at this point two years later, however at that time there was not. And I know based on our policy before that we're not required by our department to interview somebody for a gun arrest. It has to be something higher such as an A1 felony.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: So in that circumstance I 1 2 wanted to avoid getting in trouble in that regard, 3 because turning it on I thought maybe I would be 4 violating the policy in that regard. 5 THE COURT: So you ordinarily would not 6 turn your body worn camera on interviewing somebody 7 in the back --8 THE WITNESS: No. That would be very --9 THE COURT: It would be similar to 10 interviewing him in a police department building? 11 THE WITNESS: Correct. 12 THE COURT: And you thought those rules 13 would apply. 14 THE WITNESS: Correct. And free to do that, I would need supervisor permission, and it 15 16 would be very unordinary. 17 Okay. Thank you. I don't THE COURT: 18 have anything further. 19 MS. HARTFORD: Okay. Thank you. 2.0 THE COURT: Okay. We are going to excuse 21 We're going to hold up cross-examination. 22 I can't tell you when it's going to be, but it's

THE WITNESS: Okay.

not going to interfere with your service.

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THE COURT: So I think the chances are

pretty good it's not going to be until you get back
from -- in May.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

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THE COURT: I'm sure the government will order the transcript so you'll be able to see what you testified in direct examination, because I know that's a long time from now.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

THE COURT: So I don't think you'll be prejudiced in any way. Good luck with your service. Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, appreciate it.

THE COURT: Where are you headed?

THE WITNESS: Fort Benning, Georgia.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MS. HARTFORD: Your Honor, if I may, just one point regarding scheduling.

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. HARTFORD: I don't know -- my due date is March 26th, and I anticipate taking some time or off for maternity leave after that. I believe I'll be back by July. I haven't gotten permission from my office yet. I don't know what those dates will be. I wanted to make the Court aware of that. I

don't know -- I guess once we have a date, we'll figure it out. I don't know if another attorney can substitute in in a middle of a hearing or what not. We'll address that. I just wanted the Court

and defense to be aware of my --

THE COURT: My experience has been where the defendant's out of custody, you're not necessarily interested in scheduling something just to schedule it. That you would be satisfied if it was later.

 $$\operatorname{MS.}$$  ZOGHLIN: Yes, that would generally be true, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. So I'm not going to worry about it unless the defense worries about it. We have some work to do -- or you have some work to do along with defense counsel in making sure you have everything and then deciding what you want to share, if anything, and what you don't want to share. If that can be done, you know, before Officer Minurka leaves, I'm happy to schedule something that first week of January. But if it can't be done, I think we'll just have to wait and see after he gets back what everybody's doing, okay?

MS. HARTFORD: Okay.

MS. ZOGHLIN: Okay. Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you. MS. HARTFORD: Would you like me to hold onto the exhibits? THE COURT: Yeah. Until we close the hearing, yeah. Thank you. 

## CERTIFICATION

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcription, to the best of my ability, from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in this matter.

s/Michelle L. McLaughlin
Michelle L. McLaughlin, RPR
Court Reporter